This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

(Currently Amended) A photonic crystal fibre comprising: 1.

a region of substantially uniform, lower refractive index; which is

said lower refractive index region substantially surrounded by cladding which

includes regions of higher refractive index and which is substantially periodic,

characterised in that wherein the region of lower refractive index has a longest transverse

dimension which is longer than a single, shortest, period of the cladding, whereby light

can be substantially confined in the lower refractive index region by virtue of a photonic

band gap of the cladding material and can be guided along the fibre whilst it is so

confined.

2. (Original) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 1, in which the region of

lower refractive index comprises a gas or a vacuum.

3. (Previously Presented) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 1, in which the

substantially periodic cladding material has a triangular lattice structure.

(Original) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 3, in which the triangular 4.

lattice comprises air holes in a solid matrix.

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 (Previously Presented) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 1, in which the regions of higher refractive index consist essentially of silica.

- (Previously Presented) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 1, in which the
 fraction of air in the cladding is at least 15% by volume based on the volume of the
 cladding.
- (Original) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 6, in which the region of the lower refractive index comprises air.
- (Previously Presented) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 1 in which the region of lower refractive index is a low pressure region.
- (Previously Presented) A photonic crystal fibre, as claimed in claim 1, in which the lower index region comprises a material having a non-linear optical response, whereby light may be generated by non-linear processes in the lower-index region.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A photonic crystal fibre comprising; a region of substantially uniform, lower refractive index; which is said lower refractive index region substantially surrounded by cladding which includes regions of higher refractive index and which is substantially periodic, eharacterised in that wherein the region of lower refractive index is large enough to support at least one transverse mode.
- (Original) A photonic crystal fibre as claimed in claim 10, which is a single-mode fibre.

- (Previously Presented) An optical device, including photonic crystal fibre according to claim 1.
- (Original) An optical device, as claimed in claim 12, comprising a spectral filtering device.
- (Original) An optical device, as claimed in claim 12, comprising an optical amplifier.
- 15. (Original) An optical device, as claimed in claim 12, comprising a laser.
- 16. (Original) An optical device, as claimed in claim 12, comprising a sensor that is capable of sensing a property of the gas of which the region of lower refractive index is comprised.
- (Previously Presented) A telecommunications system, including a photonic crystal fibre according to claim 1.
- (Previously Presented) A telecommunications system, including an optical device according to claim 12.
- (Previously Presented) A telecommunications network including a telecommunications system according to claim 17.
- 20. (Original) A method of making a photonic crystal fibre, comprising the following steps:
 - (a) forming a stack of canes, the stack including at least one truncated cane which defines a cavity in the stack;
 - (b) drawing the stack into a fibre having an elongate cavity.

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Previously Presented) A method, as claimed in claim 20, in which the cavity has a

transverse dimension greater than the corresponding transverse dimension of any of

the canes.

23. (Original) A method, as claimed in claim 22, in which the cavity has a transverse

dimension greater than the sum of the corresponding dimensions of any two of the

canes.

24. (Previously Presented) A method, as claimed in claim 20, in which the stack of

canes comprises canes which are capillaries.

25. (Original) A method, as claimed in claim 24, in which the capillaries form a

triangular array.

26. (Previously Presented) A method, as claimed in claim 24, in which the capillaries

are filled with a material other than air.

27. (Previously Presented) A photonic crystal fibre made by a method as claimed in

claim 20.

28 (Cancelled)

29 (Cancelled)

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30. (Currently Amended) A method of transmitting light along a photonic crystal fibre,

comprising the steps of:

- (a) providing a light source adjacent an end of said fiber; and
- (b) arranging for light from the light source to enter the fiber for transmission

therethrough, the fiber being a fibre as claimed in claim 1.